## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Claims 1-4. (Canceled).

5. (Currently amended) A method for manufacturing gas sensor elements each having i) a cylindrical and substantially tumbler-shaped solid-electrolyte body which has a closed-end head portion and, on the side opposite to the head portion, an open-ended base tail portion, ii) an electrode provided on the surface of the solid-electrolyte body and iii) a porous protective layer which covers the surface of the electrode; the method comprising:

forming the electrode on an electrode-forming surface of the solid-electrolyte body;

subsequently measuring radii T1,T2 · · · of the solid-electrolyte body at a plurality of radius measurement positions D1,D2 · · · selected along a peripheral circle C on a protective-layer-forming surface of the solid-electrolyte body inclusive of the electrode while rotating the solid-electrolyte body around its axis extending along the axial direction connecting the base tail portion and the head portion;

spraying a molten protective-layer material on the protective-layer-forming surface by means of a plasma thermal-spraying equipment to form the protective layer;

measuring radii U1,U2  $\cdots$  of the solid-electrolyte body inclusive of the protective layer, at points E1,E2  $\cdots$  of intersection of normals at the radius measurement positions D1,D2  $\cdots$  with the surface of the protective layer; and

thermal spraying equipment, regarding determining an average of differences between the radii T1,T2 · · · at the respective radius measurement positions and the radii U1,U2 · · · at the respective intersection points corresponding to the former as the thickness of the protective layer and on the basis of this determined thickness, controlling the

IWATA Appl. No. 10/680,302 January 17, 2006

amount of spray of the protective-layer material in the plasma thermal-spraying equipment for forming a subsequent protective layer to form-each said subsequent protective layer-in to a desired thickness.

- 6. (Original) The manufacturing method according to claim 5, wherein said gas sensor elements are continuously manufactured in a large number, and the amount of spray of said protective-layer material is increased or decreased making reference to the thickness of a protective layer formed directly previously.
- 7. (Currently amended) The manufacturing method according to claim 5, wherein;

said radius measurement positions D1,D2  $\cdots$  are allocated at intervals of 1°-at maximum up to D180-at maximum on each solid-electrolyte body, and radii T1,T2  $\cdots$  up to T180-at maximum are measured at the respective radius measurement positions; and

said radius measurement positions E1,E2  $\cdots$  are allocated at intervals of 1°-at maximum up to E180-at maximum on each solid-electrolyte body, and radii U1,U2  $\cdots$  up to U180-at maximum are measured at the respective radius measurement positions.